South Dakota's Nursing Homes are Vulnerable to Closure

Declining Occupancy

What puts a nursing home at risk?

South Dakota's percentage of occupied beds has fallen by 15% during the COVID-19 pandemic from over 87% in 2019 to 74% in Fall 2021.

Unfunded Mandates

During the COVID-19 pandemic, the federal government has added **over 236 new** regulations. Each regulation adds costs without funding new costs. Non-compliance results in increased costs through civil monetary penalties.

High Medicaid Percentage

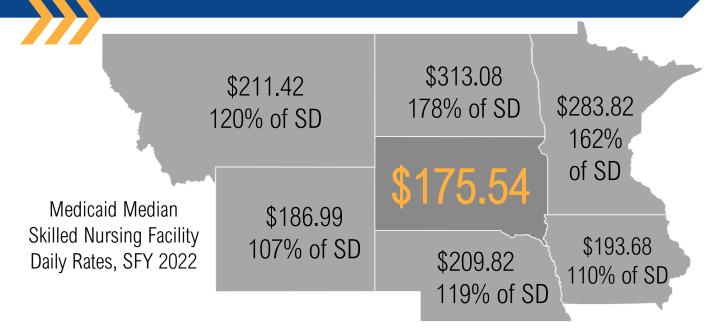
The COVID-19 pandemic has increased reliance on Medicaid as a payer source. Medicaid rates do not cover the cost of care, leaving facilities with a median \$42 per bed per day shortfall, or more than \$15,000 in unreimbursed cost for one patient over a year.

Workforce Shortage

COVID-19 has added even more financial strain with increased costs due to the high number of contract staff needed to maintain care. Nursing homes already operate on slim margins. More than **HALF** of South Dakota nursing homes operate on a negative margin.



South Dakota's Medicaid rates are the **LOWEST** in the region.



Medicaid has a \$41.74 per bed per day shortfall in nursing homes, or a loss of \$15,330 per Medicaid patient per year.





